

The Adolescent Health Research Group

To provide high quality,
accurate and timely
research that seeks to
improve the health and
wellbeing of young people
in Aotearoa, New Zealand







The Youth2000 Survey Series

1. National Secondary School Student Surveys

2001 - 9,699 adolescents

2007 - 9,107 adolescents

2012 - 8,500 adolescents

2. School Climate Surveys

2007 School Climate

2012/13 School Climate

3. Alternative Education Surveys

2009 - 335 adolescents

2000 - 268 adolescents

4. Teen Parent Unit Survey

2006 - 220 adolescents

5. Wharekura Survey

2007 - 22 kura and 677 taiohi*





www.youthresearch.auckland.ac.nz

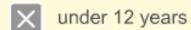








How old are you?



X 12

× 13

× 14

15

× 16

 \times 17

× 18

X 19

over 19 years





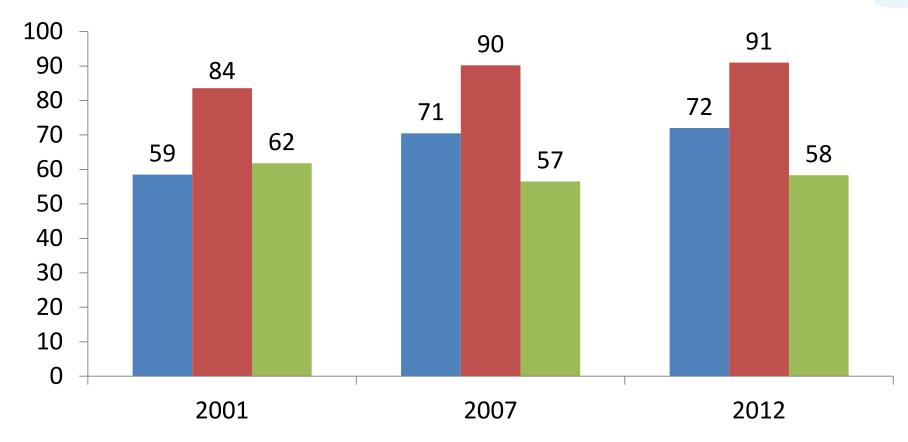




Youth2000 series sample characteristics

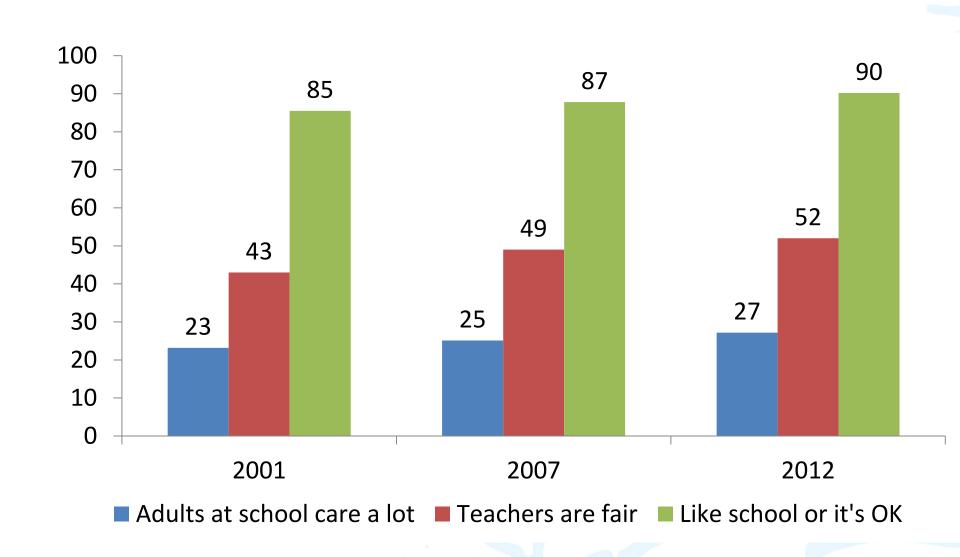
	2	001	20	007	2012	
Schools	114 (869	% response)	96 (84%	response)	91 (73% response)	
Decile low med high	n 26 49 39	% 22.9 43.1 34.2	n 15 52 25	% 16.3 56.5 27.2	n 26 36 29	% 28.6 39.6 31.9
Students	9,567 (73	3% response)	9,107 (74	% response)	8,500 (68% response)	
Gender Male Female	n 4,414 5,152	% 46.1 53.9	n 4,911 4,187	% 54.0 46.0	n 3,874 4,623	% 45.6 54.4
Ethnicity Māori Pacific Asian NZ Euro Other	n 2,325 768 679 5,219 417	% 24.7% 8.2% 7.2% 55.4% 4.4%	n 1,702 1,178 1,310 6,871 817	% 18.7% 10.2% 12.4% 52.8% 5.8%	n 1,701 1,201 1,051 4,024 511	% 20.0% 14.1% 12.4% 47.7% 6.0%
>1 ethnic groups		29%	3	39%	42%	

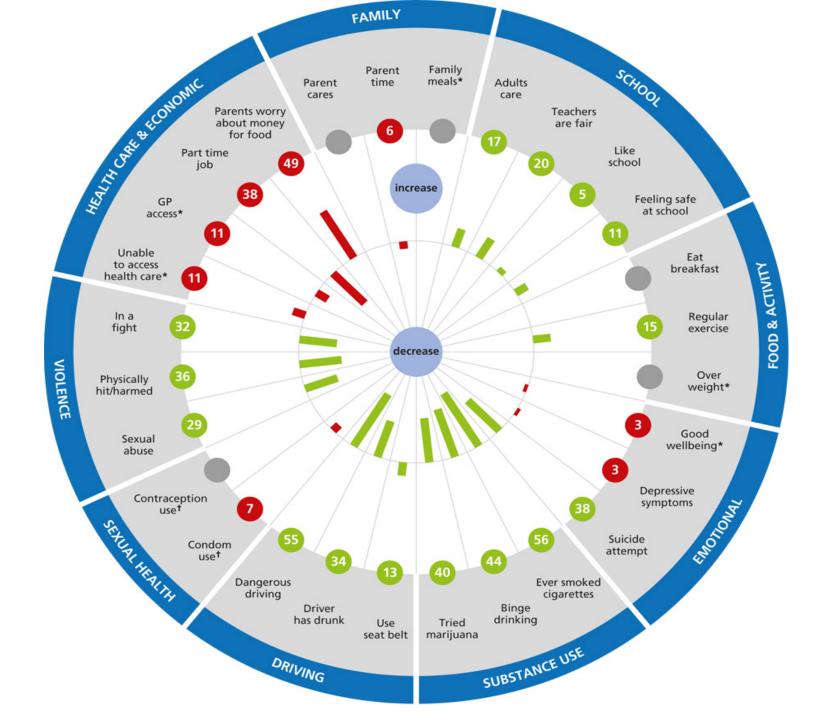
Family Relationships



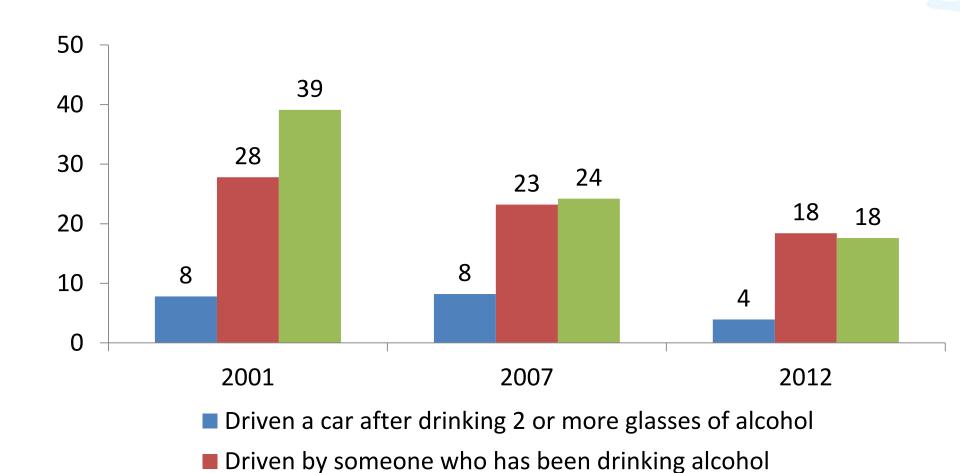
- Happy how family get along
- Parent wants to know where you are & who with
- Spend enough time with at least one parent/person who acts as a parent

School Relationships



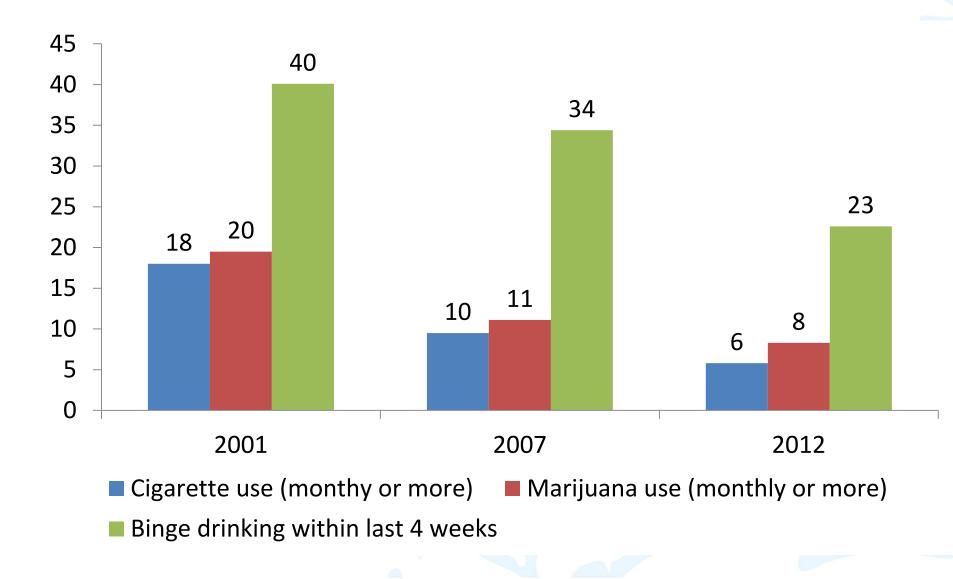


Risky driving behaviours

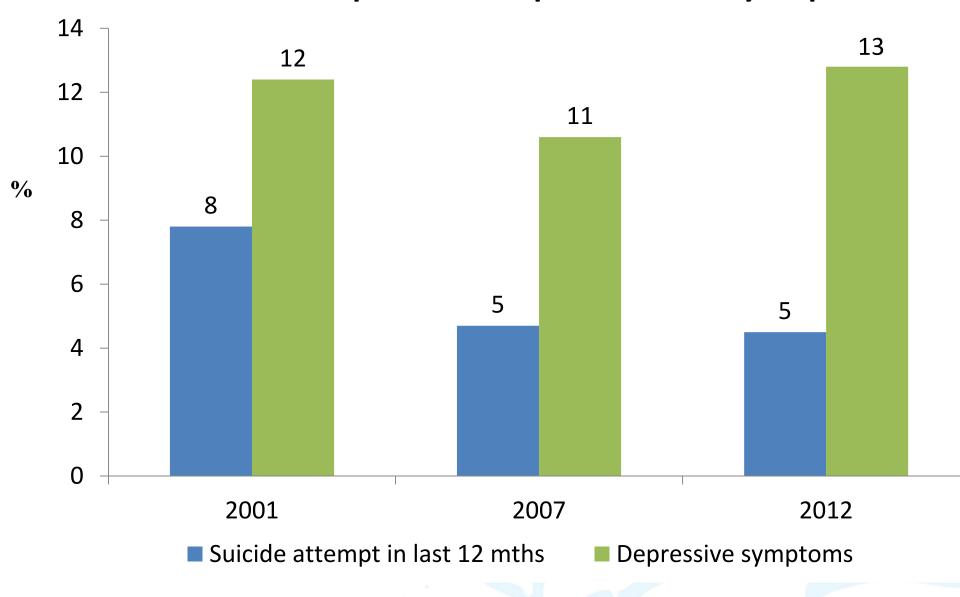


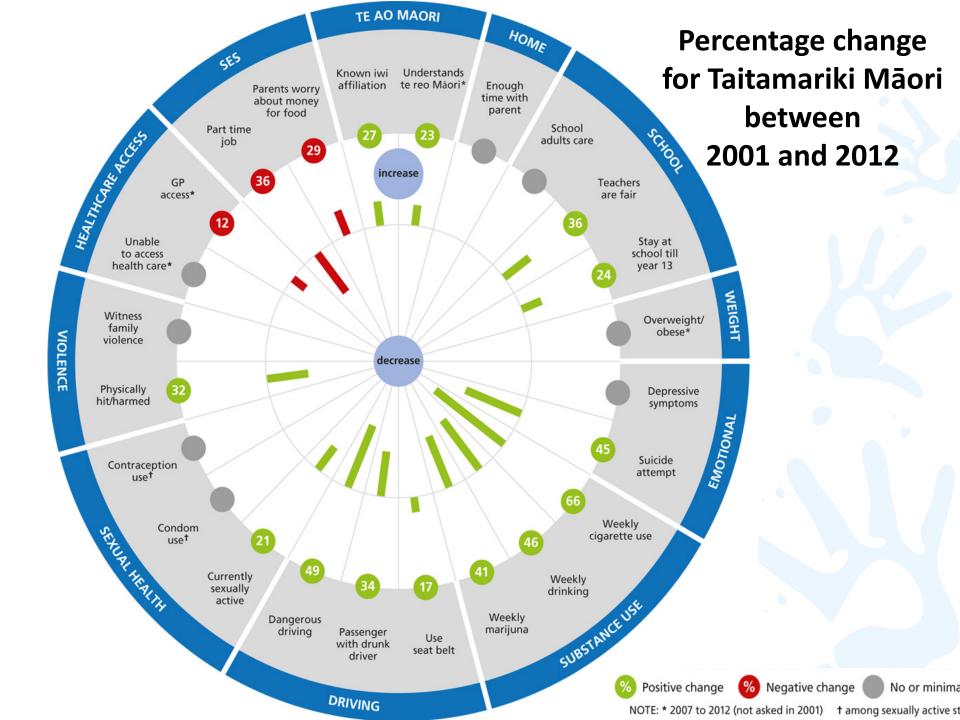
Driven dangerously by someone

Substance use



Suicide attempts & depressive symptoms







Most disparities comparing Māori to NZ European/Pākehā students show little difference BUT disparities are narrowing for:

Students intentions to complete secondary school (Year 13)

Significant depressive symptoms

Weekly or more frequent smoking

Being a passenger with someone who had been drinking alcohol

Being currently sexually active

Witnessing violence in the home









Disparities

Less likely to report

- Feeling close to whanau
- Enough time with whanau
- Bullied at school
- Teachers treating students fairly
- People at school expecting them to do well
- Excellent, very good, good health
- GP care in past year
- Always use contraception
- Regular part time work
- Wear seat belts (esp younger students)

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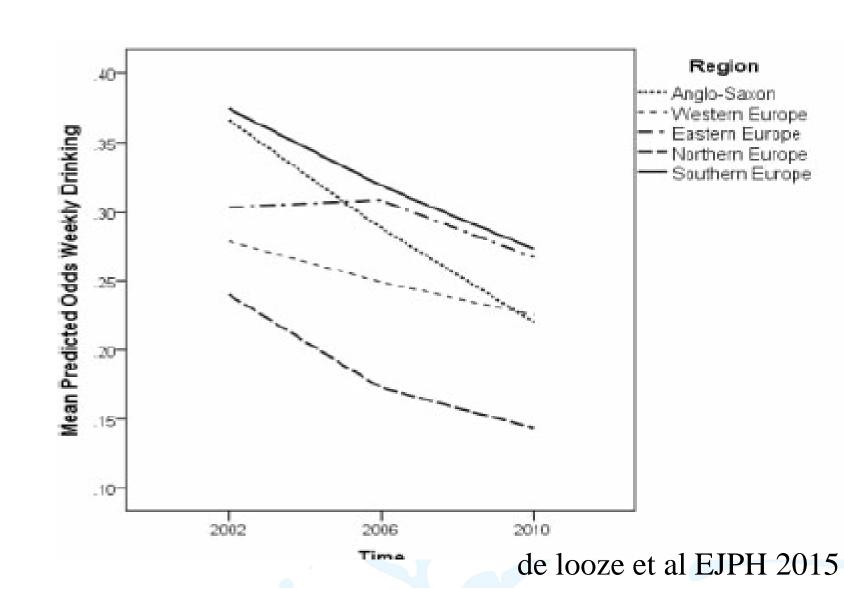
Te Whare Wananga o Tamaki Makaurau

More likely to report

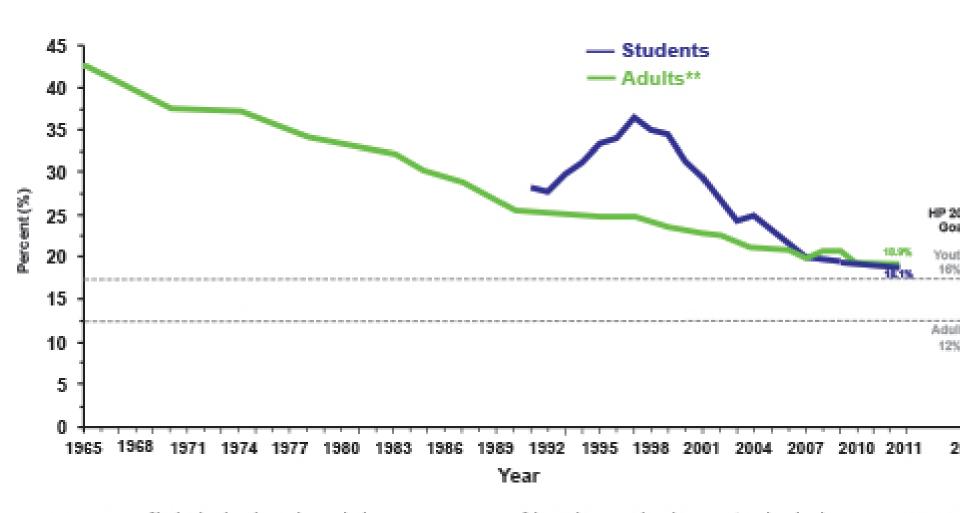
- Unable to access healthcare
- Attempt suicide
- Be a passenger with driver who had been drinking
- Being driven by someone dangerously
- Weekly use of marijuana
- Witness adults hitting children in their home
- Witness adults hitting each other in the home
- Sexual coercion/abuse
- Feeling safe in their neighbourhood
- Being sexually active (esp younger students)
- Smoking weekly (females only)
- Be hit on purpose (females only)
- Weekly alcohol (females and younger students)

Weekly drinking – evidence from 28 countries

Source: Health Behaviour in School-Aged Children study

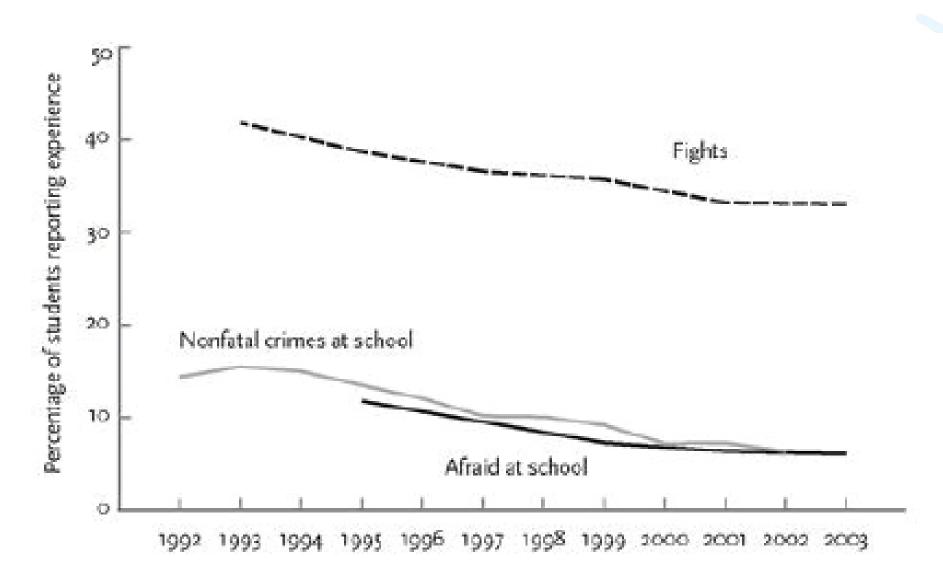


Trends in Current Cigarette Smoking by High School Students* and Adults** — United States, 1965-2011



*Percentage of high school students who smoked cigarettes on 1 or more of the 30 days preceding the survey (Youth Risk Behavior Survey, 1991-20 **Percentage of adults who are current cigarette smokers (National Health Interview Survey, 1965-2011).

Violence against youth in the United States, 1992 – 2003 Source: Data from De Voe et al, 2004





JOURNAL OF ADOLESCENT HEALTH

www.jahonline.org

Original article

The Health and Well-Being of Transgender High School Students: Results From the New Zealand Adolescent Health Survey (Youth'12)



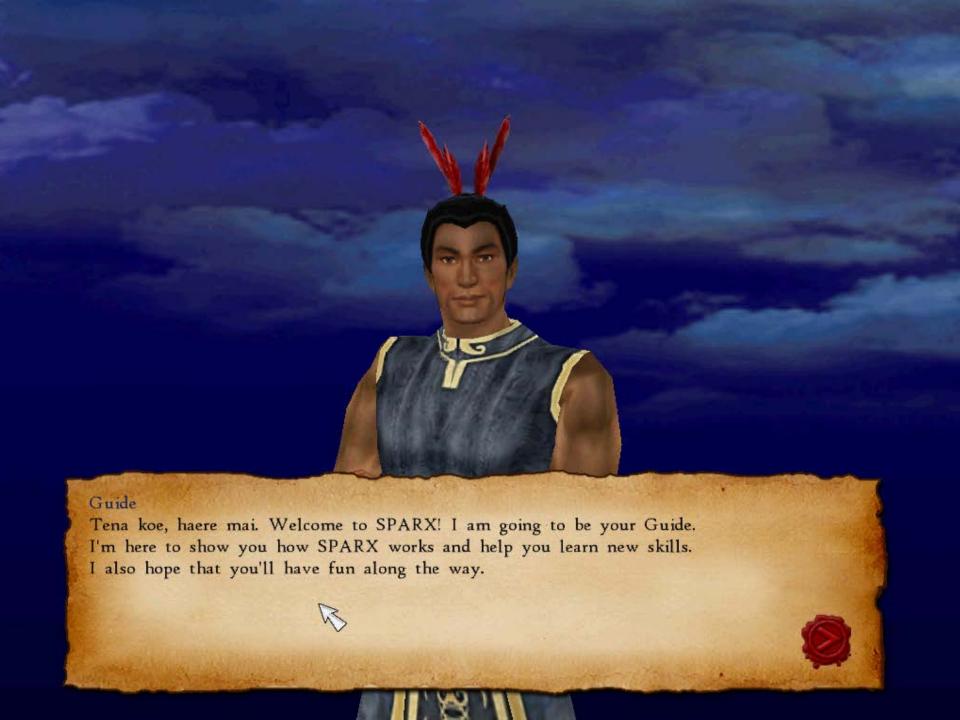
Terryann C. Clark, Ph.D., M.P.H., N.Z.R.N. ^{a, *}, Mathijs F. G. Lucassen, Ph.D., N.Z.R.O.T. ^b, Pat Bullen, Ph.D. ^c, Simon J. Denny, Ph.D., F.R.A.C.P. ^d, Theresa M. Fleming, Ph.D. ^{b, d}, Elizabeth M. Robinson, M.Sc. ^e, and Fiona V. Rossen, Ph.D. ^f

"a girl who feels like she should have been a boy, or a boy who feels he should have been a girl"

1.2% transgender, 2.5% unsure

Significant depressive symptoms	N (%)	OR (95%CI)	<.00
Cis gender (n = 7,580)	897 (11.8)	1.0	
Transgender (n = 83)	34 (41.3)	5.7 (3.6–9.2)	
Not sure (n = 190)	58 (30.9)	3.4 (2.5–4.6)	
Self-harmed in past 12 months			<.00
Cis gender (n = 7,710)	1,809 (23.4)	1.0	
Transgender (n = 95)	44 (45.5)	2.7 (1.7–4.3)	
Not sure (n = 201)	80 (40.4)	2.2 (1.6–2.9)	
Attempted suicide in past 12 months			<.00
Cis gender ($n = 7,678$)	315 (4.1)	1.0	
Transgender (n = 95)	19 (19.8)	5.0 (2.9–8.8)	
Not sure (n = 198)	16 (8.2)	1.8 (1.0–3.1)	
	Clark et al, 2014	I. JAH 55, 93	s- 99





Thank you for finishing the Youth'18 survey!

Would you like to find out some options for getting help for...

- Feeling happier
- Cutting down or giving up smoking
- Getting fitter
- Something else
- No thanks





Feeling happier

 It is normal to feel down sometimes, but there are places you can go and people you can talk to help you feel better when you need it.

- Would you like to
 - —Check out xx
 - -Find out how I can get help





Feeling happier – what can you do?

- Talk to a GP or family doctor <u>Tell me how</u>
- Talk to someone at school (like a nurse or counsellor) <u>Tell me how</u>
- Visit http://www.youthline.co.nz/
- Call or text Youthline 0800 37 66 33



Text me this



