

Sir Alexander Johnstone Prize in Law

Code:	P192
Faculty:	Law
Applicable study:	Part III of an LLB or LLB(Hons)
Closing date:	By nomination
Tenure:	Prize
For:	Prize
Number on offer:	One
Offer rate:	Annually
Value:	Up to \$2,700

Description

The Prize was established in terms of the will of the late Sir Alexander Howat Johnstone, Q.C., who was for many years a member of the University of Auckland Council of the University and its Vice-President.

Selection process

- Nomination is made to the Scholarships Office
- The Prize is awarded by the University of Auckland Council on the recommendation of the Dean of the Faculty of Law

Regulations

- 1. The Prize will be known as the Sir Alexander Johnstone Prize in Law.
- 2. The value of the Prize will be \$2,700.
- 3. The Prize will be awarded annually to the full-time student enrolled in an LLB or LLB(Hons) degree who has achieved the highest GPA in all Law courses (compulsory and elective) to the end of Part III. As a minimum standard the student should have achieved a GPA of at least 7.00. In the event of a tie, the Prize will be awarded to the student who achieved the highest aggregate marks (see Note I).
- 4. The Prize will be awarded by University of Auckland Council on the recommendation of the Dean of the Faculty of Law.
- 5. In the event of a tie, the Dean of the Faculty of Law shall determine if the Prize may be shared.
- 6. The University of Auckland Council shall not be bound to make an award in any year if there is no candidate of sufficient merit.
- 7. The University of Auckland Council has the power to amend or vary these regulations provided that there is no departure from the main purpose of the Prize.
- 8. Note [I] below is deemed to be a regulation.

Notes

I. Compulsory Law courses considered will be LAW 121G Law and Society, LAW 131 Legal Method, Law 141 Legal

Foundations, LAW 201 Criminal Law, LAW 211 Public Law, LAW 231 Law of Torts, LAW 241 Law of Contracts, LAW 298 Legal Research, Writing and Communication, LAW 301 Land Law, LAW 306 Equity and LAW 316 Jurisprudence.